

[Cat. No.] Please refer to the **Ordering Information**

Introduction

Taq DNA Polymerase is a thermostable DNA polymerase that catalyzes the polymerization of nucleotides into duplex DNA in the 5' to 3' direction. BIONEER's Taq DNA Polymerase is isolated from recombinant *E. coli* strain containing the Taq DNA polymerase gene from *Thermus aquaticus* YT1. It exhibits its highest activity at pH 9.0 and 72°C.

Applications

- Routine PCR
- SYBR-Green and dual-labeled probe-based qPCR
- Primer extension, TA cloning, Gene sequencing

Components

Components	E-2011	E-2011-1	E-2011-2	E-2011-3
Taq DNA Polymerase	500 U (100 µl)	500 U (100 µl)	500 U (100 µl)	500 U (100 µl)
10X Reaction buffer	1 ml (with MgCl ₂)	1 ml (without MgCl ₂)	1 ml (with MgCl ₂)	1 ml (without MgCl ₂)
10 mM dNTPs	1 ml	1 ml	-	-
20 mM MgCl ₂	-	1 ml	-	1 ml
Dilution buffer	1 ml	1 ml	1 ml	1 ml

* **Note:** For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Specifications

Taq DNA Polymerase	
5' to 3' exonuclease activity	Yes
3' to 5' exonuclease activity	No
3'-A overhang	Yes
Fragment size	Up to 10 kb

Buffer Composition

10X Reaction buffer with MgCl ₂	100 mM Tris-HCl, 400 mM KCl, 15 mM MgCl ₂ , pH 9.0
10X Reaction buffer without MgCl ₂	100 mM Tris-HCl, 400 mM KCl, pH 9.0
Dilution buffer	20 mM Tris-HCl, 0.5 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 100 mM KCl, stabilizer, 50% glycerol, pH 8.0

Storage Buffer

Taq DNA Polymerase is supplied in 50% (v/v) glycerol containing 20 mM Tris-HCl, 0.5 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 100 mM KCl, and stabilizer, pH 8.0.

Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that incorporates 10 nmole of dNTP into acid-insoluble products in 30 min at 72°C.

Quality Control

- **Nuclease Contamination Assay:** Nuclease activity is not detected after incubation of 1 µg of substrate DNA (supercoiled plasmid and Lambda/Hind III DNA) with 5 U of Taq DNA Polymerase in 50 µl reaction volume at 37°C and 70°C for 18 hrs.

Storage

Store at -20°C. If stored in the recommended temperature, this product will be stable until the expiration date printed out on the label.

Online Resources



Korean



English

Visit our **product page** for additional information and protocols.

Ordering Information

Description		Cat. No	
500 U	10X Reaction buffer with MgCl ₂	10 mM dNTP	E-2011
			E-2011-2
500 U	10X Reaction buffer, 20 mM MgCl ₂	10 mM dNTP	E-2011-1
			E-2011-3
2,000 U	10X Reaction buffer with MgCl ₂	10 mM dNTP	E-2013
			E-2013-2
	10X Reaction buffer, 20 mM MgCl ₂	10 mM dNTP	E-2013-1
			E-2013-3

Notice

BIONEER corporation reserves the right to make corrections, modifications, improvements and other changes to its products, services, specifications or product descriptions at any time without notice.

Explanation of Symbols



Batch Code



Catalog Number



Caution



Consult Instructions For Use



Contains Sufficient for <-> tests



Research Use Only




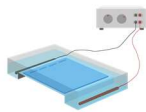


Temperature Limitation



Use-by Date

Experimental Procedures

Steps		Procedure Details																														
1	 Thaw reagents	<p>1. Thaw 10X Reaction buffer, 10 mM dNTPs, and 20 mM MgCl₂ on ice and mix thoroughly before use. Then, briefly spin down all components including template DNA, Taq DNA Polymerase, primers and nuclease-free water.</p>																														
2	 Preparation of reaction mixture	<p>2. Add all components for PCR into PCR tubes (not provided) to a total volume of 20 µl or 50 µl.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preparation of reaction mixture <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Components</th> <th>20 µl reaction</th> <th>50 µl reaction</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Template DNA*</td> <td>Variable</td> <td>Variable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Forward primer (10 pmol/µl)</td> <td>1-2 µl</td> <td>2.5-5 µl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reverse primer (10 pmol/µl)</td> <td>1-2 µl</td> <td>2.5-5 µl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10X Reaction buffer</td> <td>2 µl</td> <td>5 µl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 mM dNTPs</td> <td>2 µl</td> <td>5 µl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20 mM MgCl₂†</td> <td>1.5 µl</td> <td>3.75 µl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Taq DNA Polymerase (5 U/µl)</td> <td>0.5-1 U</td> <td>1.25-2.5 U</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nuclease-free water</td> <td>Variable</td> <td>Variable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total volume</td> <td>20 µl</td> <td>50 µl</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>* Recommended amounts of template DNA is as follows; plasmid and lambda DNA, > 1 pg; bacterial genomic DNA, > 10 pg; human genomic DNA, > 1 ng. † 20 mM MgCl₂ is provided for E-2011-1, E-2011-3, E-2013-1, and E-2013-3.</p> <p>3. Mix the reaction mixture by tapping or pipetting, and briefly spin down.</p>	Components	20 µl reaction	50 µl reaction	Template DNA*	Variable	Variable	Forward primer (10 pmol/µl)	1-2 µl	2.5-5 µl	Reverse primer (10 pmol/µl)	1-2 µl	2.5-5 µl	10X Reaction buffer	2 µl	5 µl	10 mM dNTPs	2 µl	5 µl	20 mM MgCl ₂ †	1.5 µl	3.75 µl	Taq DNA Polymerase (5 U/µl)	0.5-1 U	1.25-2.5 U	Nuclease-free water	Variable	Variable	Total volume	20 µl	50 µl
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3	 Incubate reactions in a thermal cycler	<p>4. Perform the reaction under the following conditions.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>Temperature</th> <th>Time</th> <th>Cycles</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Pre-denaturation</td> <td>94°C</td> <td>1 min</td> <td>1 cycle</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Denaturation</td> <td>94°C</td> <td>15-20 sec</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Annealing</td> <td>45-65°C†</td> <td>15-30 sec</td> <td>25-35 cycles</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Extension</td> <td>72°C</td> <td>1 min/kb</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Final extension</td> <td>72°C</td> <td>3-5 min</td> <td>1 cycle</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>* Note: For maximum yield and specificity, temperatures and cycling times should be optimized for each new template DNA or primers. † Set the annealing temperature to 3-5°C lower than the T_m of the primers.</p>	Step	Temperature	Time	Cycles	Pre-denaturation	94°C	1 min	1 cycle	Denaturation	94°C	15-20 sec		Annealing	45-65°C†	15-30 sec	25-35 cycles	Extension	72°C	1 min/kb		Final extension	72°C	3-5 min	1 cycle						
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4	 Analyze with gel electrophoresis	<p>5. After the reaction, maintain the reaction mixture at 4-8°C. The samples can be stored at -20°C until use.</p> <p>6. Load samples on agarose gel with adding a loading-dye mixture, and perform gel electrophoresis for analysis.</p>																														