

Product Name	CAS No.	KE No.	UN No.	EU No.
AccuPrep® His-tagged Protein purification kit Elution buffer				

## 1. Chemical and Manufacturer Information

A. Product Name	Elution buffer
B. Recommended Usage and Limitations	
Recommended Usage	This product is designed for Protein extraction from various samples. Product is used for purification of 6X Histidine tagged protein.
Limitations of Usage	This product is designed for the purpose of purification protein. Product users must be certified for Purification protein handling or trained in molecular biological experimental methods.
C. Manufacturer/Supplier/Distributor Information	
Company Name	Bioneer Corporation
Address	Daedeok-gu Munpyeong-dong 49-3, Daejeon, South Korea
Emergency Contact Number	+82-42-930-8648

## 2. Risks-Hazards

A. Risk-Hazard Classification	Corrosive to metal : Category 1 Acute toxicity (oral) : Category 4 Skin corrosion / skin irritation : Category 2 Severe Eye Damage / Eye Irritation : Category 1 Reproductive Toxicity : Category 1A
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## B. Caution Items Including Preventative Measures

### Warning Symbols



Warning Phrase	Danger
Risk-Hazard Phrase	H290 May be corrosive to metals. H302 Hazardous if swallowed H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H361 Cause damage to the fetus or the reproductive capacity is suspect.
Preventative Measure Phrases	
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read understands. P234 Keep only in original container. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective glove/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P301+P312 Seek medical attention if swallowed and feeling uncomfortable P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage P310 Immediate medical examination Seek.  
P321 Emergency treatment.  
P330 Rinse mouth.  
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P406 Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

C. Other Risks·Hazards Not Included in Risk·Hazard Classification (NFPA)

Imidazole	
Health	3
Fire	1
Reactivity	0
Sodium Chloride	
Health	1
Fire	0
Reactivity	0
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	
Health	2
Fire	1
Reactivity	0

3. Ingredient Information

Ingredient Name	Other Name	CAS No.	% of Total
Sodium Chloride	Sodium Chloride	7647-14-5	2.9
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	2-Amino-2-hydroxymethyl-propane-1,3-diol	77-86-1	0.6
Imidazole	Glyoxaline	288-32-4	3.2

4. First-Aid Measures

A. Upon Eye Contact Flush eyes with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if possible.  
Seek emergency medical attention.

B. Upon Skin Contact Seek medical attention if you feel irritation.  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
If the hot material, heat affected area to eliminate of press wash in large amount cold water.  
Seek emergency medical attention.  
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes, and isolate the contaminated area Please.  
Materials in contact immediately wash the skin and eyes with flowing water more than 20 minutes.  
In case of minor exposure, prevent further spread of contamination.

C. Upon Inhalation Immediate medical advice Seek.  
Please move to fresh air.  
Please warm and stable.

D. Upon Ingestion Seek medical attention if exposure or contact is suspected.  
Rinse mouth.  
If ingestion or inhalation is suspected, do not perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation but use a medical breathing device.

E. Other Cautions Contact medical service upon exposure and perform emergency measures such as source analysis.  
Inform medical staff of substance and take all precautionary protection measures.

5. Explosion·Fire Measures

A. Proper(Improper) Extinguishing Material  
Proper(Improper) Extinguishing Material To extinguish fire related to this material, use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or water spraying.  
Use dry sand or earth for fire suppression

B. Specific Hazards from Chemicals  
Specific Hazards from Chemicals May cause corrosion metals

Toxic gases may form during heat decomposition or combustion.  
Container may explode upon heating.  
Portions may burn but will not ignite easily.  
May form explosive mixture when vapor is mixed with air.  
Non-volatile. The chemical itself does not burn but heating may disintegrate and form corrosive/toxic fumes.

### C. Firefighting Protection and Precautions Sodium Chloride

Rescuers must wear appropriate protection.  
Maintain a safe distance when extinguishing flames.  
May be transported when melted.  
Dig a trough to contain the spread of extinguished fluid.  
Remove container if conditions are not hazardous.  
For tank fires, extinguish at maximum distance or with unmanned extinguishing devices.  
For tank fires, cool the container with excess water even after fire is extinguished.  
During tank fires, if a high pitched sound emits from the pressure release valve or the tank becomes discolored, retreat immediately.  
During tank fires, retreat from a tank consumed in flames.  
During tank fires, if the fire is large-scale, use an unmanned extinguishing device or retreat and let the fire burn.

### Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane

Rescuers must wear appropriate protection.  
Maintain a safe distance when extinguishing flames.  
May be transported when melted.  
Dig a trough to contain the spread of extinguished fluid.  
Remove container if conditions are not hazardous.  
For tank fires, extinguish at maximum distance or with unmanned extinguishing devices.  
For tank fires, cool the container with excess water even after fire is extinguished.  
During tank fires, if a high pitched sound emits from the pressure release valve or the tank becomes discolored, retreat immediately.  
During tank fires, retreat from a tank consumed in flames.  
During tank fires, if the fire is large-scale, use an unmanned extinguishing device or retreat and let the fire burn.

### Imidazole

Rescuers must wear appropriate protection.  
Maintain a safe distance when extinguishing flames.  
Dig a trough to contain the spread of extinguished fluid.  
Remove container if conditions are not hazardous.  
For tank fires, extinguish at maximum distance or with unmanned extinguishing devices.  
For tank fires, cool the container with excess water even after fire is extinguished.  
During tank fires, if a high pitched sound emits from the pressure release valve or the tank becomes discolored, retreat immediately.  
During tank fires, retreat from a tank consumed in flames.  
During tank fires, if the fire is large-scale, use an unmanned extinguishing device or retreat and let the fire burn.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

### A. Measures and Protection for Personal Protection

Immediately wipe spills and follow prevention measures.  
Remove all potential ignition sources.  
Stop release if conditions are not hazardous.  
Do not handle release or broken container without proper protection.  
Use a plastic sheet to prevent spread.  
Be aware of conditions and chemicals to avoid.

### B. Measures for Environmental Protection

Prevent introduction into waterways, sewers, basements and sealed spaces.

### C. Claining and Removal Measures

Construct a bank to extinguish fire and collect water.  
Absorb spills with inert materials (e.g. dry sand or earth), and dispose of as chemical waste.  
Absorb liquids and clean contaminated area with detergent and water.  
For prevent of Material damage, please absorb the leak.

## 7. Handling and Storage

### A. Handling Precautions

Do not handle until all safety measures and precautions are read and understood.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product.

Residual material may exist after container is emptied. Follow all MSDS/label precautions.

Handle/store with caution.

Open lid carefully.

Prolonged or continuous skin contact, please stop.

Arising from heated material Do not breathe vapors.

Do not enter storage areas lacking adequate ventilation.

Be aware of conditions and chemicals to avoid.

Please keep the original container only.

Keep sealed and store.

Because the metal corrosive substances (defined in a manufacturer or government office) Store in a corrosion-resistant containers.

Completely drain empty drums and adequately seal. Immediately return drum to controller or place appropriately.

Keep away from food and drinks.

### B. Storage Precautions

## 8. Exposure Prevention and Personal Protection

### A. Chemical Exposure Standards, Biological Exposure Standards Etc.

#### Domestic Regulation

Sodium Chloride

No Information

Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane

No Information

Imidazole

No Information

#### ACGIH Regulation

Sodium Chloride

No Information

Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane

No Information

Imidazole

Not Applicable

#### Biological Exposure Standards

Sodium Chloride

No Information

Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane

No Information

Imidazole

Not Applicable

### B. Proper Physical Management

Use process separation, local ventilation, minimizing air contamination below exposure thresholds etc. for physical management.

Install face and emergency showers where this material is stored or used.

### C. Personal Protection

#### Respiratory Protection

Sodium Chloride

Use KOSHA certified respiratory protection appropriate for the particular material and its physical and chemical properties.

Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane

Use KOSHA certified respiratory protection appropriate for the particular material and its physical and chemical properties.

Imidazole

Use KOSHA certified respiratory protection appropriate for the particular material and its physical and chemical properties.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

### A. Appearance

Form

No Information

Color

No Information

### B. Odor

No Information

### C. Threshold Odor

No Information

### D. pH

No Information

### E. Freezing/Melting Point

No Information

### F. Boiling Point and Range

No Information

### G. Flash Point

No Information

### H. Evaporation Speed

No Information

### I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)

No Information

### J. Ignition or Explosion Range (Upper/Lower)

No Information

### K. Vapor Pressure

No Information

### L. Solubility

No Information

### M. Vapor Density

No Information

N. Specific Weight	No Information
O. n-Octanol/Water Solubility Coefficient	No Information
P. Self-Flammability	No Information
Q. decomposition Temperature	No Information
R. Viscosity	No Information
S. Molecular Weight	No Information
<b>Sodium Chloride</b>	
A. Appearance	
Form	Solid
Color	Colorless, white
B. Odor	None
C. Threshold Odor	No Information
D. pH	pH 6.7 (6.7-7.3)
E. Freezing/Melting Point	801 °C
F. Boiling Point and Range	1413 °C
G. Flash Point	No Information
H. Evaporation Speed	No Information
I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No Information
J. Ignition or Explosion Range (Upper/Lower)	- / -
K. Vapor Pressure	9.01575 mmHg (at 1026.85°C)
L. Solubility	360000 mg/l
M. Vapor Density	No Information
N. Specific Weight	2.16
O. n-Octanol/Water Solubility Coefficient	-0.46
P. Self-Flammability	No Information
Q. decomposition Temperature	No Information
R. Viscosity	No Information
S. Molecular Weight	58.44
<b>Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane</b>	
A. Appearance	
Form	Solid
Color	White
B. Odor	Somewhat unique odor
C. Threshold Odor	No Information
D. pH	pH 10.4
E. Freezing/Melting Point	171 ~ 172°C
F. Boiling Point and Range	219 ~ 220°C (at 10mmHg)
G. Flash Point	170 °C
H. Evaporation Speed	No Information
I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No Information
J. Ignition or Explosion Range (Upper/Lower)	- / -
K. Vapor Pressure	0.000002 mmHg (at 25°C)
L. Solubility	550 mg/l
M. Vapor Density	No Information
N. Specific Weight	1.328
O. n-Octanol/Water Solubility Coefficient	-1.56 (estimated)
P. Self-Flammability	No Information
Q. decomposition Temperature	No Information
R. Viscosity	No Information
S. Molecular Weight	121.14
<b>Imidazole</b>	
A. Appearance	
Form	Solid, Crystal
Color	Colorless to yellow
B. Odor	Fishy smell
C. Threshold Odor	(No Information)
D. pH	9.8 ((10.0% solution))
E. Freezing/Melting Point	90 °C (Melting Point)
F. Boiling Point and Range	257 °C
G. Flash Point	145 °C
H. Evaporation Speed	(Not Applicable)
I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)	(No Information)
J. Ignition or Explosion Range (Upper/Lower)	- / - % (No Information)
K. Vapor Pressure	0.0462 mmHg (at 25°C (estimated))
L. Solubility	(Water solubility: 159 g/L at 25°C (estimated))

M. Vapor Density	2.36 (air=1)
N. Specific Weight	0.6 ((water=1))
O. n-Octanol/Water Solubility Coefficient	-0.08
P. Self-Flammability	480 °C
Q. decomposition Temperature	(No Information)
R. Viscosity	(No Information)
S. Molecular Weight	68.08

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

### A. Chemical Stability and Toxic Reaction Potential

Sodium Chloride	Toxic gases may form by decomposition under high heat. Container may explode upon heating. Portions may burn but will not ignite easily. Non-volatile. The chemical itself does not burn but heating may disintegrate and form corrosive/toxic fumes.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Container may explode upon heating. Portions may burn but will not ignite easily. Non-volatile. The chemical itself does not burn but heating may disintegrate and form corrosive/toxic fumes. During a fire can cause irritation, corrosive, toxic gas.
Imidazole	May cause corrosion metals. Toxic gases may form by decomposition under high heat. Container may explode upon heating. Contact with some metals and can generate flammable hydrogen gas. Non-volatile. The chemical itself does not burn but heating may disintegrate and form corrosive/toxic fumes. Some oxidizers may ignite combustibles as.

### B. Conditions to Avoid

Sodium Chloride	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Imidazole	Heat

### C. Chemicals to Avoid

Sodium Chloride	Flammable material, reducing material.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Flammable material, reducing material.
Imidazole	Flammable material, reducing material.

### D. Toxic Chemicals Formed with Decomposition

Sodium Chloride	Irritating and highly toxic gases may form while burning through heat decomposition or combustion.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Irritating and highly toxic gases may form while burning through heat decomposition or combustion.
Imidazole	Irritating and highly toxic gases may form while burning through heat decomposition or combustion.

## 11. Toxicology Information

### A. Probable Exposure Paths

Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	May cause irritation, respiratory distress, headache, dizziness, sleepiness, loss of motor function. May cause burns. May cause irritation.

### B. Health Hazard Information

Acute Toxicity	
Oral	
Sodium Chloride	LD50 3000 mg/kg Rat
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	LD50 5900 mg/kg Rabbit
Imidazole	LD50 960 ~ 970 mg/kg Rat
Skin	
Sodium Chloride	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg Rabbit
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	(No Information)
Inhalation	
Sodium Chloride	Dust LC50 > 10.5 mg/l 4 hr Rat
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	(No Information)

Skin Corrosion or Irritation	
Sodium Chloride	Rabbit: Minimal irritant.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Causes skin irritation.
Imidazole	4 hours after exposure, 24 hours in 48 hours, necrosis takes place.
Severe Eye Damage or Irritation	
Sodium Chloride	Rabbit: Medium irritation.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Causes eyes irritation.
Imidazole	10–12 day Recovery irritation, 1day in 8day, Cause a slight inflammation, The iris score 5/10, chemosis score 10~14 Irritating to medium.
Respiratory Hypersensitivity	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
Skin Hypersensitivity	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
Carcinogenic Properties	
Industrial Safety Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
Department of Labor Notice	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
IARC	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
OSHA	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
ACGIH	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
NTP	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
EU CLP	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
Reproductive Cell Mutation Properties	
Sodium Chloride	In vitro – Salmonella typhimurium/TA97, TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537, TA1538(Ames test): Negative, Nonhuman/Chromosome aberration test:Negative, CHO Cells/Chromosome aberration test: Positive
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	Ames test: Negative Salmonella typhimurium TA1535, TA97, 98, 100, 102 : 0.625, 1.25, 2.5, 5, 10 mg/plate, Unscheduled DNA synthesis : Negative Rat primary hepatocytes: 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4 mg/ml, In vivo: Negative NMRI mouse : 500, 1000, 2000 mg/kg bw
Reproductive Toxicity	
Sodium Chloride	Female/placental administration (27 mg/kg for 15W of pregnancy): Miscarriage, fetal toxicity, musculoskeletal abnormality
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	Reproductive Toxicity: Negative Developmental and teratogenicity toxicity: NOAEL materal/ developmental toxicity/teratogenicity : 60 mg/kg bw

Rat(Wistar), Dose : 0, 20, 60, 180 mg/kg bw/d(14 d) test result:  
 Highest concentrations in patients of 6–8day and 17–20 day gestation period was significantly reduced body weight, The influence of body weight, especially 17–20 days 26% reduction in uterine weight caused, reabsorption ratio increased, the average fetal weight and mother–compared to the low toxicity. Reduction in the ratio, Increased post–implantation loss. Mother–toxic effects were, 10% increase in skeletal abnormalities

Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

Rat/Oral (1 mg/kg/24hr): Sodium–Potassium excretion effect.  
 Irritating to pray inhalation.  
 Unbalance of convulsions and lateral posture.

Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure)

Sodium Chloride

High blood pressure rats injected with salt displayed kidney and artery disability, nephron and glomerular damage. No effect on non–salt injected normal rats. Potassium intake prevents high blood pressure. Rat/Oral (16800 mg/kg/28D): TOXIC EFFECTS: Endocrinal – Adrenal gland weight difference

Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

Rat/Oral (16800 mg/kg/28D): TOXIC EFFECTS: Endocrine – Changes in adrenal weight  
 No Information  
 Target organ: Liver and kidney Rat NOAEL: about 60 mg/kg, 90일 Exposure, Concentration 0, 20, 60, 180 mg/kg bw/d, Renal proximal convoluted tubule  $\alpha$ 2u–microglobulin store.

Inhalation Toxicity

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

No Information  
 No Information  
 No Information

12. Ecological Information

A. Biological Toxicity

Fish

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

LC50 1294.6 mg/l 96 hr *Lepomis macrochirus*  
 LC50 955.892 mg/l 96 hr  
 LC50 327 mg/l 96 hr 기타

Crustacean

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

EC50 402.6 mg/l 48 hr *Daphnia magna*  
 EC50 19.793 mg/l 48 hr  
 EC50 341 mg/l 48 hr *Daphnia magna*

Avian

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

No Information  
 EC50 163.053 mg/l 96 hr  
 ErC50 133 mg/l 72 hr *Scenedesmus subspicatus*

B. Persistency and Degradability

Persistency

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

log Kow –0.46  
 log Kow –1.56 (estimated)  
 log Kow –0.08

Degradability

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

No Information  
 No Information  
 No Information

C. Bioconcentration

Concentration

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

BCF 3.162  
 BCF 3  
 No Information

Biodegradability

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

No Information  
 No Information  
 98 (%) 18 day

D. Soil Mobility

Sodium Chloride  
 Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane  
 Imidazole

No Information  
 No Information  
 No Information



E. Other Toxic Effects	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
13. Disposal Information	
A. Disposal Method	
Sodium Chloride	Observe all local and national environmental regulations if applicable.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Observe all local and national environmental regulations if applicable.
Imidazole	Observe all local and national environmental regulations if applicable.
B. Disposal Considerations	
Sodium Chloride	Observe all local and national environmental regulations if applicable.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Observe all local and national environmental regulations if applicable.
Imidazole	Observe all local and national environmental regulations if applicable.
14. Transport Information	
A. UN No.	
Sodium Chloride	No classification information.
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No classification information.
Imidazole	1759
B. Proper Shipping Name	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.
C. Shipping Hazard Classification	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	8
D. Container Classification	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	1
E. Marine Pollutant	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
F. Special Safety Measures for Users Regarding Shipping or Shipping Measures	
Fire Emergency Measures	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	F-A
Release Emergency Measures	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	S-B
15. Regulatory Status	
A. Industrial Safety and Health Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
B. Hazardous Chemical Management Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
C. Dangerous Material Management Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
D. Waste Management Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	No Information
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	No Information
Imidazole	No Information
E. Other Domestic and International Regulations	
Domestic Regulation	

Residual Organic Contaminant Management Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
International Regulations	
OSHA Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
CERCLA Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
EPCRA 302 Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
EPCRA 304 Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
EPCRA 313 Regulation	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
Rotterdam Convention Substance	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
Stockholm Convention Substance	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
Montreal Protocol Substance	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
EU Classification (Confirmed Classification Result)	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
EU Classification (Risk Phrases)	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable
EU Classification (Safety Phrases)	
Sodium Chloride	Not Applicable
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	Not Applicable
Imidazole	Not Applicable

## 16. Other References

### A. Source of Information

#### Sodium Chloride

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (Form)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (Color)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (B. Odor)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (D. pH)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (E. Freezing/Melting Point)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (F. Boiling Point and Range)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (K. Vapor Pressure)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (L. Solubility)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (N. Specific Weight)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR) (O. n-Octanol/Water Solubility Coefficient)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (S. Molecular Weight)

International Uniform Chemical Information Database(IUCLID)(<http://ecb.jrc.it/esis>) (Oral)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(<http://csi.micromedex.com>) (Skin)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(<http://csi.micromedex.com>) (Inhalation)

International Uniform Chemical Information Database(IUCLID)(<http://ecb.jrc.it/esis>) (Skin Corrosion or Irritation)

International Uniform Chemical Information Database(IUCLID)(<http://ecb.jrc.it/esis>) (Severe Eye Damage or Irritation)

National Library of Medicine/genetic toxicology(NLM/GENETOX)(<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?GENETOX>) (Reproductive Cell Mutation Properties)

International Uniform Chemical Information Database(IUCLID)(<http://ecb.jrc.it/esis>) (Reproductive Cell Mutation Properties)

National Library of Medicine/Chemical Carcinogenesis Research Information System(NLM/CCRIS)(<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?CCRIS>) (Reproductive Cell Mutation Properties)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(<http://csi.micromedex.com>) (Reproductive Toxicity)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(<http://csi.micromedex.com>) (Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure))

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(<http://csi.micromedex.com>) (Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure))

International Uniform Chemical Information Database(IUCLID)(<http://ecb.jrc.it/esis>) (Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure))

The ECOTOXicology database (ECOTOX)([http://cfpub.epa.gov/ECOTOX/quick\\_query.htm](http://cfpub.epa.gov/ECOTOX/quick_query.htm)) (Fish)

The ECOTOXicology database (ECOTOX)([http://cfpub.epa.gov/ECOTOX/quick\\_query.htm](http://cfpub.epa.gov/ECOTOX/quick_query.htm)) (Crustacean)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR) (Persistence)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR) (Concentration)

Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (Form)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (Color)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (B. Odor)

The Merck Index 13th Ed.(D. pH)

National Library of Medicine/Hazardous Substances Data Bank(NLM/HSDB)(<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB>) (E. Freezing/Melting Point)

National Library of Medicine/Hazardous Substances Data Bank(NLM/HSDB)(<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB>) (F. Boiling Point and Range)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (G. Flash Point)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (K. Vapor Pressure)

National Library of Medicine/Hazardous Substances Data Bank(NLM/HSDB)(<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB>) (L. Solubility)

The Chemical Database, The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd>) (N. Specific Weight)

HSDB(O. n-Octanol/Water Solubility Coefficient)

National Library of Medicine/Hazardous Substances Data Bank(NLM/HSDB)(<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB>) (S. Molecular Weight)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(<http://csi.micromedex.com>) (Oral)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR) (Fish)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR) (Crustacean)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR) (Avian)

HSDB (Persistence)

HSDB (Concentration)

Akron University(<http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd/>)

Imidazole

TOME(Oral)

SIDS(Skin Corrosion or Irritation)

SIDS(Severe Eye Damage or Irritation)

SIDS(Reproductive Cell Mutation Properties)

SIDS(Reproductive Toxicity)

SIDS(Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure))

SIDS(Target Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure))

SIDS(Fish)

SIDS(Crustacean)

SIDS(Avian)

SIDS(Biodegradability)

B. Initial Issue Date 2011-06-30

C. Revision Count and Latest Revision Date

Revision Count 0

Latest Revision Date 0

D. Other

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is based on, edited and partially modified from a MSDS obtained from the Korean Occupational Safety & Health Agency.